

FPSO GLOBAL WORKSHOP

2002 - Houston

The FPSO Contractor Solution



The FPSO Contractor Solution

1. What is the difference between a Gulf Of Mexico FPSO and other FPSOs?

2. Why use a specialist FPSO Supplier / Operator such as SBM?

3. How would SBM execute a GOM FPSO project?



What is the Difference Between a GOM FPSO and other FPSOs?

- Design in accordance with the Codes of Federal Regulation and as regulated by MMS & USCG. (30 CFR in particular).
- Not required to follow Safety Case methodology as is often applicable elsewhere.
- Specific environmental conditions:
 - Loop currents lead to fully weathervaning design.
 - ➤ Hurricanes design for abandonment and high wind survival.

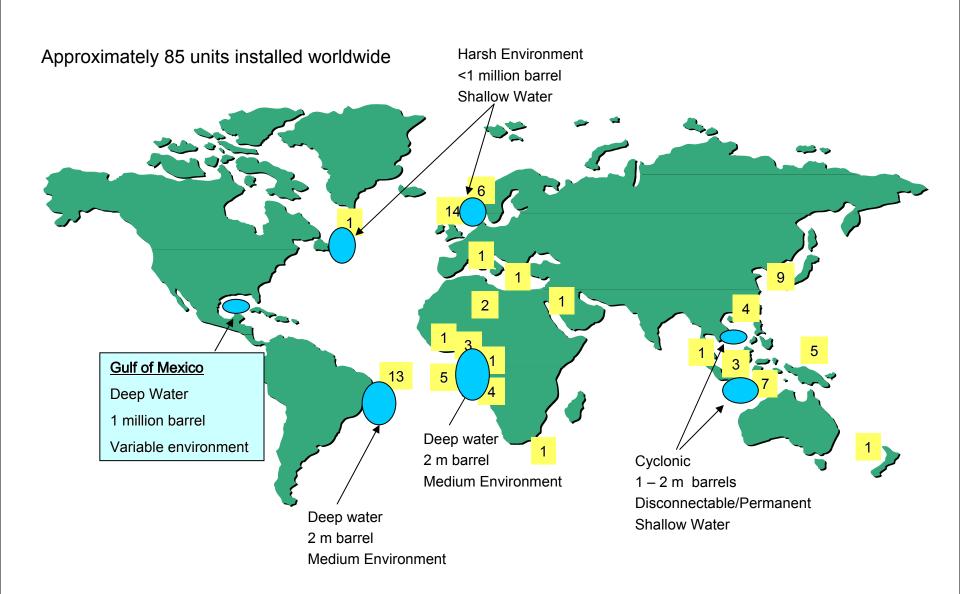


Characteristics of a GOM FPSO

- Double side shell & bottom requirement, indicating a new build hull, however conversion is possible.
- Weathervaning, passive, single point, internal turret mooring system.
 - The GOM loop currents and deep water eliminate spread mooring systems.
 - Abandonment during hurricane conditions requires a passive system.
- Adequate design for green water on deck.
- Fatigue, global hull strength and slamming are not worse than other locations.
- Topsides and offloading systems same as elsewhere.



Key Regional FPSO Features





Main Points:

- In-house design capability giving an integrated system.
- Operational performance feedback resulting in improved system design.
- Operational procedures for established safety, environmental and operational performance.
- <u>Project execution experience</u> with FPSOs for timely project delivery.



Supporting Factors:

- Single contractor bringing together: the technology of the mooring system, marine and hull engineering, process plant engineering, procurement, installation engineering and systems operation.
- Proven safety, environmental and production uptime performance of delivered facility.
- Management of interfaces, hardware and information, internal and external, is critical to success. Familiarity with the specific interfaces lowers project risk.



Supporting Factors:

- <u>Established relationships with fabricators, shipyards and suppliers</u> is maintained current allowing efficient execution.
- Proven design and execution capability with FPSO experienced teams "in place" for each aspect of project.
 This reduces risk to production up-time requirements.



Option to Lease FPSO:

- No financing (for FPSO) required
- CAPEX risk (EPCI) is taken by contractor
- Obtain "life of contract" warranty on FPSO
- Payment of lease coincides with income from field
- Minimize expenditure (pay only for what is needed, during time needed)
- Residual value risk is taken by contractor
- Redeployment risk is taken by contractor
- Effect on balance sheet
- Fiscal (e.g. optimization of tax exposure)
- Benefit from contractor's FPSO experience



Typical FPSO Schedule - from award to first oil

New Build: 32 months - Anasuria

Conversion: 22 months FPSO Falcon

16 months FPSO Brasil



Anasuria – North Sea New Build – Could be a GOM facility





FPSO Falcon - Exxon - Yoho





FPSO Brasil – PetroBras – Roncador Field





- <u>Project Management, Engineering, Procurement</u>
 In Houston office, perform:
 - Project management
 - Mooring system engineering and design
 - > Topsides engineering and design
 - New build hull specification and basic design
 - Approvals / verification process
 - Procurement of equipment
- Approvals process. SBM has met with the MMS to map out the required process to achieve approval for an FPSO in the GOM.



- Hull fabrication, including detailed hull design, anticipated to be Far East, possibly Korea, Japan or China.
- Mooring Turret fabrication could be performed in many locations but yards in the Far East and Middle East have considerable experience.
- Integration of hull, mooring turret and topsides. Limited options and experience for berthing a large hull for integration works in the Gulf Coast. Integration is best performed at the hull yard or topsides fabrication yard.



Module fabrication

- Capability is well proven in Gulf Coast yards. Could also be done in Far East or Middle East.
- Several module yards.
- Topsides Module sizes to be 500-800 ton driven by crane capacity.
- Main equipment skids delivered to module fab yards.
- Maximum commissioning in integration yard.

Installation.

Use own installation vessels or contract as required.



Conclusion

- Essentially just business as usual.
- Recognize the different regulatory environment.